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| **ANG-5106-2 Current Events**  **Project three**  **Writing a News Report** | New York Times Journal Salle De Presse 194Now that you are becoming familiar with the types of news reports that exist, as well as the challenges of being an objective journalist, in this project you will have an opportunity to try your hand at writing a news story. |

**TASK 1:** Choose a news article from an online newspaper or other online news service and analyze elements of this article.

1. You may use one of the following links to choose your article:

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| QRCodeCBC news:  <http://www.cbc.ca/news> | QRCodeToronto Star:  <https://www.thestar.com/> |
| QRCodeNPR: (American news site)  <https://www.npr.org/sections/news/> | QRCodeBBC: (British news site)  <http://www.bbc.com/news> |
| QRCodeNew York Times : <https://www.nytimes.com/> | |
| QRCodeAlternative news sites: <https://eluxemagazine.com/magazine/honest-news-sites/> | Reuters: (neutral international news site)  QRCode<https://www.reuters.com/> |
| QRCodeMontreal Gazette : (Canadian newspaper)  <http://montrealgazette.com/> | QRCodeNational Post : (Canadian newspaper)  <http://nationalpost.com/> |
| QRCodeThe Washington Times : ( US newspaper)  <https://www.washingtontimes.com/> | QRCodeThe New York Post: (US newspaper)  <https://nypost.com/news/> |

1. Analyze elements of this news article using the rubric below:

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| **News Event** |  |
| **Title of article**  **(and byline)** |  |
| **Introductory sentence (lead/lede)** |  |
| **Introduction (5 w’s-*who, what, when, where, why and how*)** |  |
| **Body of report (details of story- minimum 4 facts + 1 quote, if possible)** |  |
| **Conclusion** |  |

**TASK 2:** Did you notice which verb tenses were used in this article? To report on past events, journalists often use the *simple past* and *past continuous* (also referred to as the *past progressive*). Therefore, we will briefly review these two forms:

1. **Simple past / Past continuous (progressive)**

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| **Verb Tense** | **Simple past** | **Past continuous (progressive)** |
| **Use** | * Finished actions in the definite past   Ex: *We walked to school yesterday*.  *The manager referred me to his*  *Assistant.*  *My mother was always worried about*  *me when I was a kid*.  *My father said he loved me.* | * To describe the background for a scene (*The wind was blowing and people were covering their faces…)* * To express an unfinished action, interrupted by another action *(The student was walking to school when a suspicious car honked at him…)* * To express a change of plans (*She was thinking of taking the bus, but she decided to drive instead…)* |
| **Affirmative** | * Regular verbs: -ed   *Ex. Walk/walked*   * Regular verbs ending in single vowel and single consonant: double the final consonant + -ed   *Ex. Refer/referred*  *(*Regular verbs ending in consonant + -y: change the –y to –I + ed  *Ex. Worry/worried*  *()*   * Irregular verbs: see list of 50 most common irregular verbs –   QRCode<http://www.esl-lounge.com/reference/grammar-reference-most-common-irregular-verb-list.php>  *Ex. Say/said*  *See/saw*  . | * The verb *to be* + main verb+ *-ing*   *Ex. I was working on my project all day…*  *Ex. You were reading a book when Jean called.* |

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| **Verb Tense** | **Simple past** | **Past continuous (progressive)** |
| **Negative** | * The verb *to be: was/were not (wasn’t/weren’t)*   *Ex. I wasn’t there.*  *You weren’t there.*  *He wasn’t there.*   * *Other verbs: did not (didn’t) + verb (infinitive* ***without*** *to)* * *Could not (couldn’t) + verb (infinitive* ***without*** *to)*   *Ex. He didn’t go…* | * Subject+ to be in past tense+ not (n’t) verb+ -ing   *Ex. I wasn’t listening…*  *You weren’t trying your best when*  *Maggie beat you*. |
| **Interrogative** | * The verb *to be: was/were + verb*   *Ex. Was I there?*  *Were you there?*  *Was he there?*   * *Other verbs: did + subject + verb (infinitive* ***without*** *to)* * *Could +subject+ verb (infinitive* ***without*** *to)*   *Ex. Did you go…?*  *Could he play piano?* | * Verb to be + subject + verb+ -ing   *Ex. Was he listening…?*  *Were you trying your best…?* |

**The 25 most common irregular verbs**

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| **Rank** | **Base Form** | **Past Tense Form** |  | **Rank** | **Base Form** | **Past Tense Form** |
| **1** | say | said |  | **14** | show | showed |
| **2** | make | made |  | **15** | leave | left |
| **3** | go | went |  | **16** | feel | felt |
| **4** | take | took |  | **17** | put | put |
| **5** | come | came |  | **18** | bring | brought |
| **6** | see | saw |  | **19** | begin | began |
| **7** | know | knew |  | **20** | keep | kept |
| **8** | get | got |  | **21** | hold | held |
| **9** | give | gave |  | **22** | write | wrote |
| **10** | find | found |  | **23** | stand | stood |
| **11** | think | thought |  | **24** | hear | heard |
| **12** | tell | told |  | **25** | let | let |
| **13** | become | became |  |  |  |  |

1. **Reported Speech**

In order to communicate what people said while writing an article, journalists either use direct quotes or **reported speech**. It is important to be familiar with this form, so we will review it and contrast it with direct quotes:

Use the verbs ‘say’, ‘tell’ or ‘ask’ to report what somebody else said very recently or sometime in the past. (we don’t use TALK or SPEAK)

We use the simple present when the original statement was made very recently or the statement is not affected by the passage of time:

* Direct speech: I like ice cream.
* Reported speech: She **says** (that) she **likes** ice cream.

**But**, if the reporting verb is in the past tense, then usually we change the tenses in the reported speech:

* Direct speech: I want to visit Cuba.
* Reported speech: She **said** (that) she **wanted** to visit Cuba.

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| **Tense** | **Direct Speech** | **Reported Speech** |
| present simple (very recently or not affected by time) | ‘’I like ice cream’’ | She says (that) she likes ice cream. |
| present simple  (affected by time) | ‘’I want to visit Cuba’’ | She said (that) she wanted to visit Cuba. |
| present continuous | ‘’I am living in London’’ | She said (that) she was living in London. |
| past simple | ‘’I bought a car’’ | She said (that) she bought a car. |
| *will* | ‘’I'll see you later’’ | She said (that) she would see *me* later. |
| *can* | ‘’I can speak perfect English’’ | She said (that) she could speak perfect English. |
| *should\** | ‘’I should call my mother’’ | She said (that) she should call her mother. |
| *may* | "I may be late" | She said (that) she might be late. |

\* doesn't change.

**Reported Questions**

* Direct speech: "Where do you live?"
* Reported speech: She asked me where I lived.

Another example:

* Direct speech: "where is Julie?"
* Reported speech: She asked me where Julie was.

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| **Direct Question** | **Reported Question** |
| ‘’Where is the Post Office, please?’’ | She asked me where the Post Office was. |
| ‘’What are you doing?’’ | She asked me what I was doing. |
| ‘’Who was that fantastic man?’’ | She asked me who that fantastic man had been. |

So much for '**wh**' questions. But, what if you need to report a 'yes / no' question? We don't have any question words to help us. Instead, we use **'if'**:

* Direct speech: "Do you like chocolate?"
* Reported speech: She asked me **if** I liked chocolate.

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| **Direct Question** | **Reported Question** |
| ‘’Do you love me?’’ | He asked me if I loved him. |
| ‘’Have you ever been to Mexico?’’ | She asked me if I had ever been to Mexico. |
| ‘’Are you living here?’’ | She asked me if I was living here. |

**Negatives**

* Direct speech: My mother said, ‘’Don’t smoke cigarettes.’’
* Reported speech: My mother said not to smoke cigarettes.
* Direct speech: John said: ‘’ I don’t like Big Macs.’’
* Reported speech.: John said he didn’t like Big Macs.

**TASK 3:** Read the same article again and list any examples of the two grammar forms review above – *simple past/past continuous* or *reported speech.*

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| **List any examples of simple past or past continuous verbs** |
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| **List any examples of reported speech** |
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**TASK 4:** Choose an event in society, in your community or in your school to write about, using a rubric to take notes first.

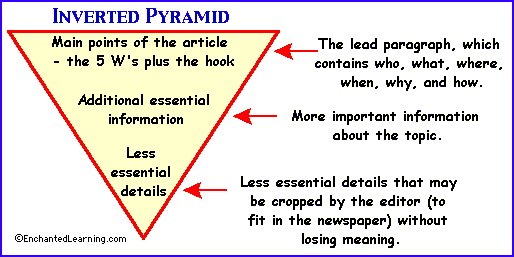
Make sure to incorporate:

* the past tense,
* past continuous,
* reported speech
* as well as newspaper article sentence starters (see below)

The article should be 150-250 words.

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| **Here are a few links to sites that explain how to write a news report:** | |
| QRCode<http://schools.peelschools.org/sec/lornepark/SiteCollectionDocuments/EQAO/OSSLT%20StED-Writing%20A%20News%20Report.pdf> | <https://www.thoughtco.com/how-to-write-a-news-article-1857250>  QRCode |

Here is a graphic illustration of how most journalism teachers explain how to construct an article:



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| **Newspaper Articles Sentence Starters (functional language)** | |
| According to witnesses…  He/she claimed that….  On the other hand…  In addition…  It appears that…  However…  It is surprising that…  The following information… | Afterwards…  Nobody knows why…  Many people believe that…  Generally…  Despite the fact that…  He/she confirmed that…  Hours later…  Later that day… |

Taken from: www.queensgate.stockport.sch.uk

Use this rubric to take notes while planning your article:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **News Event** |  |
| **Title of article**  **(and byline)** |  |
| **Introductory sentence (lead/lede)** |  |
| **Introduction (5 w’s)** |  |
| **Body of report (details of story- minimum 4 facts + 1 quote, if possible)** |  |
| **Conclusion** |  |

Write the first (rough) draft of your article on a separate sheet of paper. Verify the use of elements reviewed in this project before writing your final draft:

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|  | **Yes** | **No** | **Examples** |
| I used the simple past to report on past events |  |  |  |
| I used the past continuous where appropriate |  |  |  |
| I used reported speech to communicate what people said |  |  |  |
| I used journalistic functional language (sentence starters) |  |  |  |